

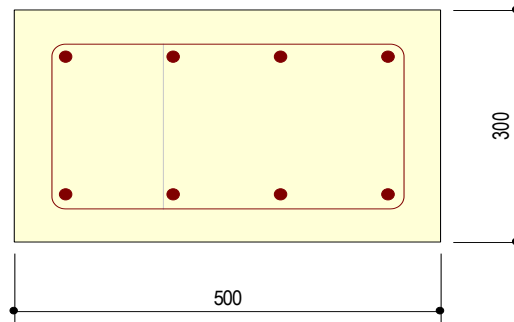
PEDESTAL IPE 240

1. General Information

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------|
| (1) Design Code | : ACI318M-14 |
| (2) Unit System | : N, mm |

2. Material

- | | |
|--------------|------------|
| (1) F'_c | : 28.00MPa |
| (2) F_y | : 413MPa |
| (3) F_{ys} | : 413MPa |



3. Section

- | | |
|--------------------|----------------|
| (1) Section Size | : 500 x 300mm |
| (2) L_x | : 1.000m |
| (3) L_y | : 1.000m |
| (4) K_x | : 1.000 |
| (5) K_y | : 1.000 |
| (6) Splicing Limit | : 50% |
| (7) Frame Type | : Braced Frame |

4. Forces

- | | |
|--------------|-------------|
| (1) P_u | : 11.20kN |
| (2) M_{ux} | : 6.500kN·m |
| (3) M_{uy} | : 2.800kN·m |
| (4) V_{ux} | : 2.100kN |
| (5) V_{uy} | : 1.700kN |
| (6) P_{ux} | : 11.10kN |
| (7) P_{uy} | : 11.10kN |

5. Factors

- | | |
|-------------------|---------|
| (1) C_{mx} | : 0.600 |
| (2) C_{my} | : 0.600 |
| (3) β_{dns} | : 0.600 |

6. Rebar

(1) Main Bar

- Layer-1 : 8 - 2 - #5 ($C_c = 61.00\text{mm}$, $A_s = 1,600\text{mm}^2$)
- Layer-2 : -
- Layer-3 : -
- Layer-4 : -
- $A_{s,\text{total}}$: $1,600\text{mm}^2$

(2) Hoop Bar

- End : #3@100
- Middle : #3@100

(3) Tie Bar

- Apply Tie Bar to Shear Check : Yes
- Tie Bar : #3 ($F_y = 414\text{MPa}$)

7. Check Slenderness Ratio

(1) Calculate radii of gyration

- $r_x = 0.3D = 90.00\text{mm}$
- $r_y = 0.3B = 150\text{mm}$

(2) Calculate slenderness ratio

- $\frac{M_{1x}}{M_{2x}} = 0.000$
- $\frac{M_{1y}}{M_{2y}} = 0.000$
- $\frac{k_x l_{ux}}{r_x} = 11.11 < \min(34 + 12 \frac{M_{1x}}{M_{2x}}, 40.0) = 34.00 \rightarrow \text{Not Slender}$
- $\frac{k_y l_{uy}}{r_y} = 6.667 < \min(34 + 12 \frac{M_{1y}}{M_{2y}}, 40.0) = 34.00 \rightarrow \text{Not Slender}$

8. Check Magnified Moment

(1) Calculate moment magnification factor

- $\delta_{ns,x} = 1.000$
- $\delta_{ns,y} = 1.000$

9. Check Minimum Moment

(1) Calculate minimum eccentricity

- $e_{\min,x} = 15 + 0.03D = 24.00\text{mm}$
- $e_{\min,y} = 15 + 0.03B = 30.00\text{mm}$

(2) Calculate minimum moment

- $M_{\min,x} = P_u e_{\min,x} = 0.269\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
- $M_{\min,y} = P_u e_{\min,y} = 0.336\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$

10. Check Design Moment

(1) Calculate design moment

- $M_{c,x} = M_{ux} = 6.500\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
- $M_{c,y} = M_{uy} = 2.800\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
- $M_c = 7.077\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$

11. Check Design Parameter

(1) Calculate rebar ratio

- $A_g = \text{iError!} = 1,600\text{mm}^2$
- $\rho_{\min} = 0.0100, \rho_{\max} = 0.0800, \rho = 0.0107$
- $\rho_{\min} < \rho < \rho_{\max} \rightarrow \text{O.K}$

(2) Calculate eccentricity

- $e_x = M_{c,y} / P_u = 250\text{mm}$
- $e_y = M_{c,x} / P_u = 580\text{mm}$
- $e = M_c / P_u = 632\text{mm}$
- Rotation angle of neutral axis = 6.555°

(3) Calculate concentric axial load capacity

- $P_0 = 0.85f'_c (A_g - A_{st}) + f_y A_{st} = 4,193\text{kN}$
- $P_{0,\max} = 0.80P_0 = 3,354\text{kN}$
- $P_t = f_y A_{st} = -661\text{kN}$

12. Check Moment Capacity (Balanced axis)

(1) Calculate capacity of compression stress block

- $\beta_1 = 0.850$
- $c = 170\text{mm}, \quad a = \beta_1 \cdot c = 145\text{mm}$
- $A_{\text{com}} = 58,498\text{mm}^2$
- $c_{cx} = 20.46\text{mm}, \quad c_{cy} = 90.33\text{mm}$
- $C_c = 0.85 \cdot f'_c \cdot A_{\text{com}} = 1,392\text{kN}$
- $M_{nx} = C_c \cdot c_{cy} = 126\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
- $M_{ny} = C_c \cdot c_{cx} = 28.49\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$

(2) Calculate capacity of rebar

i	d_s (mm)	ϵ_s	f_s (MPa)	A_s (mm ²)	F_s (kN)	d_y (mm)	M_{nx} (kN)	d_x (mm)	M_{ny} (kN)
1	288	-0.002065	-413	200	-82.60	-89.00	7.351	-189	15.61
2	111	0.001050	210	200	41.99	89.00	3.738	-189	-7.937
3	96.33	0.001303	261	200	52.13	89.00	4.639	-63.00	-3.284
4	81.95	0.001557	311	200	62.26	89.00	5.541	63.00	3.923
5	67.56	0.001810	362	200	72.40	89.00	6.443	189	13.68
6	244	-0.001305	-261	200	-52.20	-89.00	4.646	189	-9.866
7	259	-0.001558	-312	200	-62.33	-89.00	5.548	63.00	-3.927
8	273	-0.001812	-362	200	-72.47	-89.00	6.449	-63.00	4.565

- $\sum F_s = -40.82\text{kN}$
- $\sum M_{nx} = 44.36\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
- $\sum M_{ny} = 12.77\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$

(3) Calculate nominal capacity for neutral axis

- $P_b = C_c + P_s = 1,351\text{kN}$
- $M_{nx} = M_{nx,\text{conc}} + M_{nx,\text{bar}} = 170\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
- $M_{ny} = M_{ny,\text{conc}} + M_{ny,\text{bar}} = 41.25\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
- $M_n = \sqrt{(M_{nx})^2 + (M_{ny})^2} = 175\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$

13. Check Moment Capacity (Neutral axis)

(1) Calculate capacity of compression stress block

- $c = 84.44\text{mm}$, $a = \beta_1 \cdot c = 71.78\text{mm}$
- $A_{com} = 21,762\text{mm}^2$
- $c_{cx} = 55.00\text{mm}$, $c_{cy} = 125\text{mm}$
- $C_c = 0.85 \cdot f_{ck} \cdot A_{com} = 518\text{kN}$
- $M_{nx} = C_c \cdot c_{cy} = 64.78\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
- $M_{ny} = C_c \cdot c_{cx} = 28.49\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$

(2) Calculate capacity of rebar

i	d_s (mm)	ϵ_s	f_s (MPa)	A_s (mm ²)	F_s (kN)	d_y (mm)	M_{nx} (kN)	d_x (mm)	M_{ny} (kN)
1	288	-0.007216	-413	200	-82.60	-89.00	7.351	-189	15.61
2	111	-0.000933	-187	200	-37.33	89.00	-3.322	-189	7.055
3	96.33	-0.000422	-84.45	200	-16.89	89.00	-1.503	-63.00	1.064
4	81.95	0.000089	17.74	200	3.548	89.00	0.316	63.00	0.224
5	67.56	0.000600	120	200	23.99	89.00	2.135	189	4.533
6	244	-0.005683	-413	200	-82.60	-89.00	7.351	189	-15.61
7	259	-0.006194	-413	200	-82.60	-89.00	7.351	63.00	-5.204
8	273	-0.006705	-413	200	-82.60	-89.00	7.351	-63.00	5.204

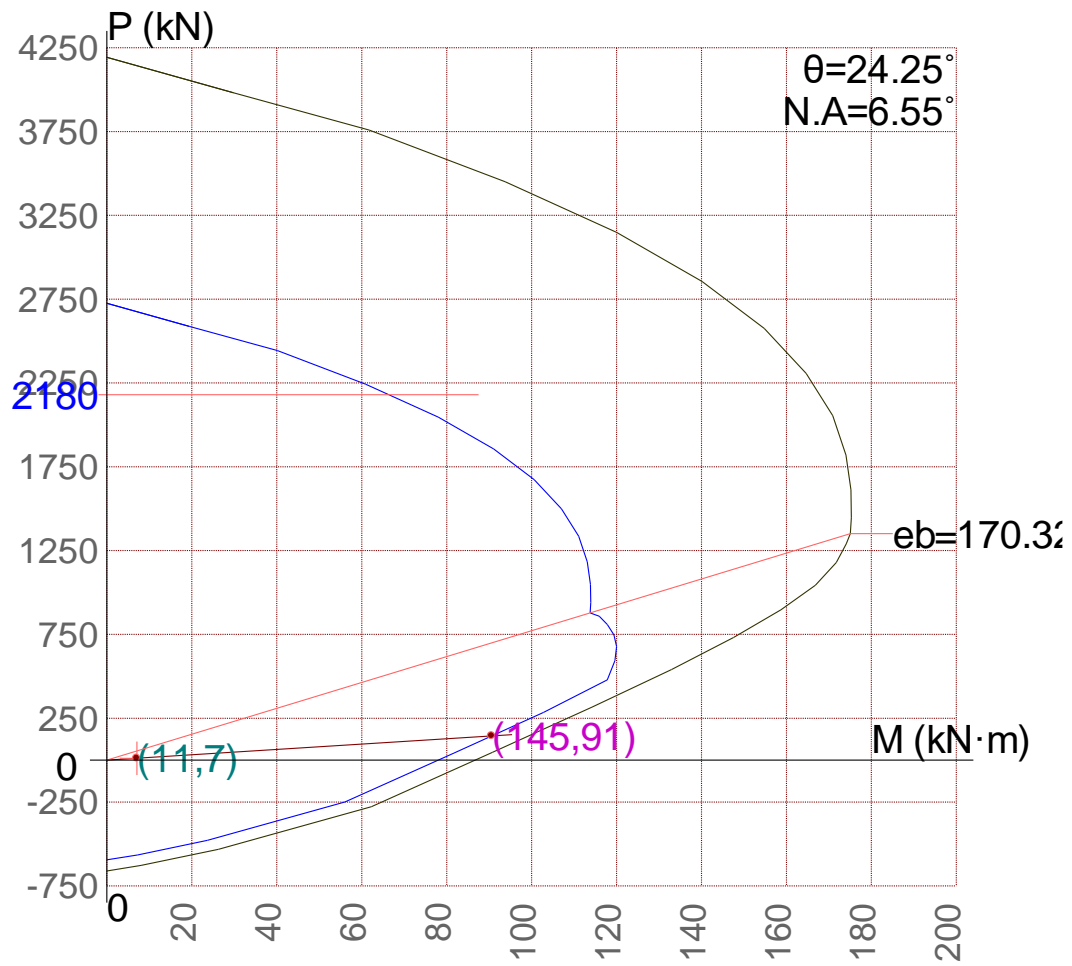
- $\sum F_s = -357\text{kN}$
 - $\sum M_{nx} = 27.03\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
 - $\sum M_{ny} = 12.88\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
- (3) Calculate nominal capacity for neutral axis
- $P_n = C_c + P_s = 161\text{kN}$
 - $M_{nx} = M_{nx.conc} + M_{nx.bar} = 91.81\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
 - $M_{ny} = M_{ny.conc} + M_{ny.bar} = 41.36\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
 - $M_n = \sqrt{(M_{nx})^2 + (M_{ny})^2} = 101\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$

(4) Calculate strength reduction factor

- $\epsilon_{t,min} = 0.0021$, $\epsilon_{t,max} = 0.0050$
- $\epsilon_t = 0.007216$
- $\phi = 0.900$

(5) Calculate axial load and moment capacities

- $\phi P_n = 145\text{kN}$
- $\phi M_{nx} = 82.63\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
- $\phi M_{ny} = 37.23\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
- $\phi M_n = 90.63\text{kN}\cdot\text{m}$
- $M_{ux} / \phi M_{nx} = 0.0787 < 1.000 \rightarrow \text{O.K}$
- $M_{uy} / \phi M_{ny} = 0.0752 < 1.000 \rightarrow \text{O.K}$
- $P_u / \phi P_n = 0.0774 < 1.000 \rightarrow \text{O.K}$
- $M_c / \phi M_n = 0.0781 < 1.000 \rightarrow \text{O.K}$



14. Check Shear Capacity

(1) Calculate maximum space

- $\phi = 0.750$
- $S_{\max} = \min(16D_{\text{MainBar}} , 48D_{\text{Stirrup}} , B, D) = 254\text{mm}$

(2) Calculate Shear Strength (Direction X)

- $s = 100\text{mm} < S_{\max} = 254\text{mm} \rightarrow \text{O.K}$
- $\phi V_c = \phi 0.17 \left(1 + \frac{N_u}{14A_g} \right) \sqrt{f'_c} b_w d = 89.32\text{kN}$
- $\phi V_s = \phi \frac{A_v f_{yt} d}{s} = 193\text{kN}$
- $\phi V_n = \phi V_c + \phi V_s = 282\text{kN}$
- $V_u / \phi V_n = 0.00744 \rightarrow \text{O.K}$

(3) Calculate Shear Strength (Direction Y)

- $s = 100\text{mm} < S_{\max} = 254\text{mm} \rightarrow \text{O.K}$
- $\phi V_c = \phi 0.17 \left(1 + \frac{N_u}{14A_g} \right) \sqrt{f'_c} b_w d = 81.05\text{kN}$
- $\phi V_s = \phi \frac{A_v f_{yt} d}{s} = 158\text{kN}$
- $\phi V_n = \phi V_c + \phi V_s = 239\text{kN}$
- $V_u / \phi V_n = 0.00712 \rightarrow \text{O.K}$
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